NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE.

The Sabbath Day in Gotham-An Afterno Walk up Broadway, and via Washington Square up the Fifth Avenue—Sunday Fash-

New York, April 23, 1854. The Sabbath in New York is literally a day of rest and recreation. The masses of the million of people within this mighty swarming Babylon and its suburbs have suspended their daily avocations, and twenty-five thousand horses are also permitted to share in the general relaxation from labor. The horrible din of omnibuses, carts, wagons, and drays has closed, the stores are closed, even the shops of the Israelites are shut up, with here and there an exception; and, but for the swarming multitudes upon the footways, this great Babel is as Sabbath-like as a Connecticut village in its outward appearances.

It is four in the afternoon; the clouds have cleared away; the sky is bright; the sun shines out warmly through the fresh spring-like atmosphere from the southern seas. It is from the spice islands of the Gulf of Mexico, "our southern islands," as Senator Butler prophetically calls them; and, although to a southerner there is a little chilliness in the breeze, it is warm and spring-like for these latitudes. Start we from the Astor House up Broadway. Is this an American city; or has it not been formally taken psssession of by what the Chinese would designate as "outside barbarians," but by those of our population, in fact, known as our adopted citizens? It would seem so.

The Celtic and Teutonic races have formal possession of Broadway. The robust and in dustrious servant-girls from green Erin's isle may be counted by thousands. Dinner is over; the day's work is accomplished till evening; and cooks, washers, and ironers, chambermaids, and nurses are out for an airing. How fast they walk! Yes, they have but a respite of a few hours, and they are making the most of it. Singly, and in pairs, and in clusters of four or five, and sometimes a dozen together, they pass in review. Some of them have their beaus in attendance; and, if you will but notice it, though the very handsomest girls are seldom without their worshippers in attendance, those that are marked with the small-pox are more frequently solus; and yet it is said, among the housewives of one is almost invariably the preference of the of the last-named court. mistress, especially if the mistress is not a belle.

Next to the Hibernians in number, if not in Cork, or Kilkenny, or Connemara, or elsefunds to send one of their number over-a girl squares below. of sixteen, eighteen, or twenty, very often. She arrives here, goes to work, saves her little earn-This acquisition enables the elder sister, with good luck, in another year or two, to send for the old people and the little ones. Thus the girls always constitute, in New York, a large force of what may be termed the advance-guard

Teading, by a vote six against eleven. The bill was imperfect, and, if passed, would not effect the object for which it was introduced. Some of the course of his remarks, he said he was a hand of no bargains, but open to those whom he saw acting for the public good, and would extend the right hand of political fellowship to every man to protect the respectability of this House, and elevance it in that high sphere to which it is entitled as the popular branch of the American government. of the Irish exodus to America; and this will account, to some extent, for the preponderance thus enables them to make all risks and endure | certs and the drama sitting side by side. every hardship for each other. Millions, I know not how many millions, of money, are yearly sent over to Ireland by the detachments of families here, to bring over the detachments are equal to the sum-total of the deficiency bill before the House, with all the amendments of the Senate.

are shorter in stature and squatter than the Kimberly has produced a great sensation in Baltiaverage American. Most Europeans, in fact, more, and will no doubt have a successful enare. That group with their pipes, are from the gagement here. Hanse towns. They will smoke all day, and this evening they will have a jovial reunion with their wives, sweethearts, and friends, in some lager-bier saloon, filled with smoke, abounding in lager-bier, and musical with the thousand dollars. mingled harmony of fiddles and voices. They are dead against the Maine liquor law in any shape, the whole Germanic population, because they regard lager-bier as one of those domestic to interfere, except in the preservation of order. | night. Those two dark-looking individuals are Italian refugees. They are wrapped up in the Euro United States Patent Office, during the last week, pean war, and the prospects of young Italy. were the following: Here we have a cluster of French red republicans. They are talking of Louis Napoleon, proving rotary pumps. Nicholas, and Ledru Rollin. Five thousand such bearded fellows, refugees of France, Germany, and Italy, turned out one day to wait upon Kossuth at the Irving House. In front they bore the blood-red banner of their or- tatives, will lecture on this subject to-night, at der emblazoned with the motto of "Libere, egalite, fraternite;" and their enthusiasm was almost fearful to contemplate. But here we have a poor Chinaman, one of the late Tong-Hook-Tung Dramatic Association, vending segars on the side-walk. Thus, from the Astor House up to the New York Hotel, a long mile up Broadway, we pass through a continuous stream, with two currents, of Irish, Germans, French, and Italians, with an intermixture of Bowery boys, country merchants, and a few quiet citizens mingling in the tide and tobacco

Turning down, at the New York Hotel, to Washington square, we find it pretty well populated with the nurses and children of the surrounding streets. Passing through this litt'e park, into the aristocratic and beautiful Fifth avenue, with its two lengthened lines of splendid brown-stone and marble houses, the scene changes instanter. Broadway we have left in

the joint occupation of the Celt and the Teuton. A stranger could hardly realize from Broadway, on Sabbath afternoon, that New York is an American city. Now look here, at this vast and easy procession of what is called "upper tendom." Yes, New York is an American city, after all. What magnificent dressing among he ladies, rich but nothing excessively gaudy! What sweet and delicately beautiful feminine faces and forms, almost too delicate to last long. There are no cigars here, no pipes; everything is genteel and elegant. Oh, yes! It has to be so. Look at the crowd. Occasionally you will perceive a dapper little Frenchman, or a wealthy Jew, sporting his Sunday habiliments as good as the best of these our magnificent merican "codfish aristocracy."

You will remark, too, that while the young ladies are generally tall, though very delicate in their tone of beauty, the young gents are below the medium height and exceedingly slim-very small patterns of men, indeed The truth is, they have been stunted; they have become men too fast; they have been living too fast, and they are already good for nothing. The strength and elasticity of youth is gone; the vigor and maturity of manhood they will never know. They have been ruined by the indulgence and excesses of a fast life, and are only fit to waste the property which their industrious fathers from the country have accumulated. Thus great cities are constantly replenished from foreign sources and from the rural districts, as the population would soon be extinguished by rapid deterioration and decay. But we have, perhaps, given you enough of ilosophizing for one essay, and that a Sabath-day essay, too; otherwise, we might take a peep into some of our churches and lager-bier establishments, to show the varieties which make up this swarming and busy ADVANCE. Babylon.

Mocal and Personal.

The Executive Committee of the Jamestow society will meet at the Sentinel office, on Friday evening, at half-past seven o'clock. WM. M. OVERTON, Chairman.

The Supreme Court has come to a decision on the case which has been for several weeks New York, that a face well pitted is the most pending before that tribunal, involving a partition popular for a maid of all work. The philoso- of the Methodist Book Concern interests at Cinphy of this extraordinary fact we will leave to cinnati, between the Methodist Episcopal Church others. I cannot imagine, however, that jeal- and the Methodist Episcopal Church South, conousy has anything to do with the prejudice of sequent on a separation of that ecclesiastical the dames of Gotham against a pretty servant establishment. The United States circuit for Ohio girl. Whatever may be the solution of the the Supreme Court of the United States has remystery, while a good-looking housemaid is versed the decree and remanded the cause for generally most popular with the master, a plain further proceedings, in conformity to the opinion

A Serious Accident occurred yesterday evening, about 6 o'clock, near the corner of 12th and D streets. A son of Mr. Flynn, coachmaker, about 7 fully equal to them, come the Germanic tribes. streets. A son of Mr. Flynn, coxenhaker, about years of age, was playing upon the pavemen They are mostly men, and this is the reason when a negro came dashing along at a furious of it: the Germans generally come in families rate. In an attempt to leap over him, the horse to this country, and the women are at home struck his hind feet against the head of the boy, with the children; while the unfortunate Irish | causing a concussion of the brain. We heard the come over, one or two or more of a family, according to their means. Frequently the family Clark, but the result of his examination we did not learn. It was known, however, he had been triwhere, in poor old Ireland, can only raise the fling with the horse, to make him prance, for several

ings, and at the end of a year she has enough specting the entry of negroes and mulattoes withto bring over her next sister in the steerage. in the city limits, from abroad, was lost on its third This acquisition enables the elder sister, with reading, by a vote six against eleven. The bill

"Black Spirits and White."-At a recent conference of spiritualists, one bench was prominently occupied by half a dozen "colored ladies of the females over the opposite sex, in the and gentlemen," while some of the mere specta-Sanday turn-out of the children of Erin on tors, who were so unfortunate as to be white, had Broadway. It is a beautiful trait, too, in the to stand to witness the performances. The next Irish character, this family attachment, which step will be to have such mixed patrons of con-

Military Drill .-- Four companies of marines stationed at the barracks, in this city, drilled yesterday afternoon, in the presence of the President of the United States, the Secretary of War, and remaining behind, awaiting the necessary sup- large number of spectators. Their evolutions plies. I doubt not that the aggregate yearly were highly creditable. The marine band, in full plies. I doubt not that the aggregate yearly remittances from the Irish servant-girls of the United States to their friends in the old island pleasant entertainment.

Were highly creditable. The marine band, in full force, played meantime; affording altogether, a pleasant entertainment.

Compromise of 1820. To be sure it was repealable on the statute-book, but untoehable by statesmen on account of circumstances. The Missouri legislature, as late as 1847, had instructed their

The Variete.-Mr. Risley has informed us that this establishment will be again opened on Monday, May 8th, with Miss Kimberly, who will be Now for the Germans. You observe they supported by a superior corps dramatique. Miss

> for the erection of the edifice was broken yesterday morning, on the southeast corner of Four-anda-half and C streets. The church will cost forty

Franconi's Hippodrome.-We have been in formed that next week the hippodrome will be opened in Baltimore. We advise all who have not seen it to visit it at as early a time as possible institutions with which the law has no business to avoid the crowd always attendant upon the last

> Patents .-- Among the patents issued from the Reuben Burdine, of Washington, D. C., for in

John C. F. Salomon, of Washington, D. C., for improvement in brick-making.

Young America.-The Rev. W. H. Milburn the talented chaplain of the House of Represen-

On the 25th instant, of cramp cholic, in the 29th year of his age, JOHN McLEAN ADDISON, late of the United States army.

His funeral will take place this (Wednesday) aftern at four o'clock, from the residence of his father, Trom. Approx., on the Heights of Georgetown.

TAINE DIAMOND JEWELRY,-I am constantly receiving and manufacturing to er new styles of Diamond and all kinds of fine Jewelry and Silverware, at the lowest New York prices, and from fifteen to twenty-five per cent. heaper than goods of the same quality can be ought for at other establishments in this city or else ere. Please call at the sign of the Large Spread Eagle, between 4½ and 6th streets, Pennsylvania H. O. HOOD. N. B - Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired.

THE AMALGAMATED IRIDIUM, ZINC

and Platina Pens, an invaluable article, com-bining all the elasticity and clearness of the quill pen, and warranted not to corrode. For sale by W. C. ZANTZINGER, Stationer's Hall, adjoining Irving Hotel. Apr 26—3tif

Congressional.

THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

Senate .- Tuesday, April 25, 1854. The CHAIR laid before the Senate a message from the President of the United States, transmitting certain suggestions by the Attorney General as to modifications in the manner of conducting the egal business of the government. Read and erred to the Committee on Retrenchment,

Mr. BRODHEAD presented the memorial of the ranklin Institute, of Pennsylvania, praying that leasures be taken to secure the adoption of a

uniform international coinage.

Mr. COOPER presented memorials remonstrating against any change on the duties imposed on

MARINE HOSPITAL, PENSACOLA. On motion by Mr. MORTON.

Resolved. That the Committee on Commerce be in-structed to inquire into the expediency of making an ap-propriation for the erection of a marine hospital at Pensa-cola, Florida.

BILLS PASSED. Mr. DODGE, of Iowa, reported back the bill granting other lands in heu of certain 16th sections, heretofore disposed of by the United States for other than school purposes; and the said bill was considered and passed.

Mr. JOHNSON reported a bill amending the act allowing pre-emption rights to settlers on the Maison Rouge grant, in Louisiana; and the same was considered and passed.

was considered and passed.

The Senate then, at an early hour, proceeded to the consideration of executive business, and at 3

House of Representatives. RIGHTS OF NEUTRALITY.

Mr. EWING, by general consent, offered th

o'elock adjourned

following resolutions:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be: Resolved, That the President of the linker States be quested, if not incompatible with the public interests, to inform this House what steps, if any, have been taken by this government to secure the permanent acknowledgment, by treaty, of the rights of neutrals by the governments of Great Britain and France, and what degree of success has attended such efforts, if any have been

success has attended such emorts, if any have been made.

Resolved, further, That the President of the United States be requested, if not incompatible with the public interests, to inform this House whether, in any particular, the government of Great Britain has assumed to act for Spain in the negotiation consequent upon the seitzure of the Black Warrior; what degree of responsibility that government has assumed in the matter; and, if so assuming to act for Spain, upon what protext, if any is alleged.

The question having been stated on the adopion of the resolutions,

Mr. EWING said that he had drawn them up and submitted them to members of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and others, outside of the House, and they had agreed with him that the subject was one of great importance. He was fully convinced that the time for practical action had come. It had been said our able representa-tive at the court of St. James has been endeavorlive at the court of St. James has been endeavoring to perfect such a treaty, and intimated that,
owing to mutual jealousies, the negotiation may
fail. He believed that secret diplomacy is of no
advantage to us. The people of this country
should plant themselves on their rights; and, asserting, should yield no part of them. This is our
strength, and we should yield nothing. Recently,
a member of the British Parliament asked Sir John
Russell what course the government had taken a member of the British Parliament asked Sir John Russell what course the government had taken with regard to the Black Warrior, when he answered that instructions had been sent to Mr. Crampton, the representative of the British government in this country, but that no answer had been received. He [Mr. Ewing] thought, therefore, it was important we should know and act forthwith. It was the purpose of Great Britain to carry out its expressed determination to interfere, in connexion with France, in relation to the affairs of this contiaent. He hoped that the House would perceive that he had a practical purpose in

would perceive that he had a practical purpose in riew.
Mr. INGERSOLL moved that the resolutions referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

and the motion was agreed to. THE DESICIENCY BILL NERRASKA.

The House went into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, Mr. Chandler in the chair, and took up the bill making appropriations to supply deficiencies for the fiscal year ending

June 30, 1854.

Mr. HARRIS, of Mississippi, was entitled to the floor from yesterday, but, owing to bodily in disposition, he declined it.

Mr. BENTON then addressed the committee The "Colored People."—In the board of common council, on Monday night, the act respecting the entry of negroes and mulattees with the course of his remarks, he said he was a man

> The Missouri act of 1520, he argued, was not compact between the States, like the act of 1787 and the clause in the Constitution relative to slaves. It was imposed by one-half of the country on the other. It was an imposition, in the imme-diate sense of the word. It was greatly against the will of the north at the time. It was resisted at the time, but aftewards acquiesced in; and being acquiesced in, became a compact. It was imposed by the south, and was not the less obligatory on them for being so imposed. The Missour compromise was a continuation of the principle of the ordinance of 1787; and now, after more than thirty years, it was a plea that the party by whom

> thirty years, it was a plea that the party by whom it was imposed proposed to take it away. The south have their half of the territory now.
>
> It was proposed to impair, not to abrogate the compromise of 1820. To be sure it was repealable senators and requested their representatives not to disturb it. He believed this principle right then as he did now, and should remain upon it.

If any distinct proposition to repeal the Missouri compromise had been introduced here, he should compromise had been introduced here, he should have opposed it; much more the clause in the Nebraska bill which seeks to repeal it by indirection and by an act of dexterity. He had marched straightforward heretofore, and at this time of life he was not to march crooked. The proposition Methodist Metropolitan Church.—The ground It was conceived in darkness, and came from the hands of the midwife limping, halting, impish. It was sprung on Congress and the people in the way that Guy Fawkes put five hundred barrels of

gunpowder under the parliament-house.

He then proceeded to criticise the bill, looking upon it as contradictory from beginning to end; but before he concluded his remarks, the hour to which he was limited in debate expired. obtained the Mr. WENTWORTH, of Illing

floor, and proposed to yield it to Mr. Benton, that the last-named gentleman might finish his speech. Mr. BAYLY, of Virginia, said that if the gentleman from Illinois did not want to speak, he did.
Mr. WENTWORTH remarked that he would now give the floor to the gentleman from Missouri, (Mr. BENTON.)

There were objections in several directions. Mr. HUNT expressed the hope that the gentle-man from Missouri would be suffered to proceed man from Missouri would be suffered to proceed with his remarks.

Mr. CLINGMAN objected. It had been over and over again decided that such a course as that which the gentleman from Illinois suggested, could

Mr. WENTWORTH asserted that he had mir. WENTWORTH asserted that he had a right to yield the floor to Mr. Benton; and he wanted the whole country to know and understand that the oldest man in Congress, the man who was here at the time the Missouri compromise was adopted, was now refused a courtesy which had never been refused to any other man

living. Let this be proclaimed everywhere.

Mr. KEITT said that if the gentleman wanted facts to go forth to the country, he should state them. The gentleman from Mississippi, (Mr. Barksdale,) the other day, asked but for a short ime to finish his remarks, but was refused.

There was much confusion in the hall during he preceding and subsequent proceedings.

Mr. CULLOM expressed the hope that the gen-

Mr. CULLOM expressed the hope that the gen-tleman from Missouri, owing to the importance of the subject and his great age and experience in legislation, would be indulged.

Mr. CLINGMAN said the gentleman from Ten-

nessee had no right to make a speech inside of Mr. CULLOM replied that he was making an explanation by the courtesy of the gentleman from Illinois, and not by that of the gentleman from North Carolina, to whom he never appealed Mr. CLINGMAN insisted on his point of order.
Mr. CULLOM appealed to the committee to exend a few minutes to the gentleman from Mis-

After further proceedings, the CHAIRMAN de-cided that the gentleman could proceed by universal consent.

Mr. PECKHAM appealed from the decision of the Chair.

the Chair.

On the question being taken: Shall the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of the committee? No quorum voted—yeas 96, nays 4.

The roll of members was called, and the result

reported.

The House again went into committee.

Mr. PECKHAM withdrew his appeal.

Mr. WENTWORTH, of Illinois, offered an amendment to one of those of the Senate, is proder that Mr. BENTON might again occupy the

A question arose as to whether this could b one for the gentleman's accommodation.

The CHAIRMAN decided that the amendmen

was in the second degree, and that debate was a Mr. BENTON. That is all I want.

He then concluded his speech in opposition the Nebraska bill.

The committee rose. THE JUDICIARY. The SPEAKER laid before the House a message from the President of the United States, transmitting the report of the Attorney General, suggestive of modifications for conducting the

egal business of the government.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The House adjourned.

Special Notice.—HENRY'S INVIGORATING Gordan Motice.—HENRYS INVIGORATING CORDIAL.—The merits of this purely vegetable extract for the removal and cure of physical prostration, genital debility, nervous affections, &c., &c., are fully described in another column of this paper, to which the reader is referred. \$2 per hottle, \$3 bottles for \$5, six bottles for \$8, \$16 per dozen. Observe the marks of the genuine.

Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Pranklin Row, Vine street, below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. For sale by all the respectable druggists and merchants throughout the country, and by

W. H. GILLMAN, Washington, D. C.

CANBY & HATCH, Baltimore.

PEEL & STEVENS. Alexandria, Va.,
Wholesale Agents for Virginia.

News by Telegraph .-- We have just received by telegraph, the fact that GILMAN'S instantane ous LIQUID HAIR DYE is the only article nov used in the fashionable circles at Washington, a other preparations having died out.—Florida R

For sale by Z. D. GILMAN, Chemist,

I Sick Headache Remedy.-A remedy for the sick headache, which has been recently offered to the public, is attracting great attention, not only by reason of the very satisfactory testimonials to its efficacy which have been volunteered by many who have been benefited by it, but also because there are so great a number of people who are af-flicted with the distressing complaint, for which no medicine has before been made public. Dr. Eastman, who discovered the efficacy of his "rem. edy," is a physician in this city, in high standing, with a large practice. He is a physician in whom great confidence is placed; and we do not wonder that his remedy for a very common disease, which has been so long needed, has attracted the attention of all sufferers from headache who have heard of it. From our own knowledge of Dr. Eastman's character and practice we have no doubt that the medical sufference of the suffe acter and practice, we have no doubt that the med prove to be a great benefit to all who may give it a trial.—Lynn News, December 23, 1853.
For sale in Washington by Z. D. GILMAN, and by all the druggists.

ADVERTISEMENT.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 20, 1854. DEAR SIR: The undersigned respectfully re-uest you to deliver in this city your Lecture upon ne subject of Young America, at such time as will suit your convenience.

We are, respectfully, your friends, J. A. CAMPBELL, W. M. GW BEN. FITZPATRICK, C. C. CLAY, JR., ARCH. DIXON, JNO. CATRON. D. A. ATCHISON, GEO. W. JONES, A. C. DODGE, JNO. BELL, JAS. C. JONES, A. G. BROWN, A. H. COLOUITT JOSIAH J. EVANS. JAS. SHIELDS, W. K. SEBASTIAN. A. P. BUTLER. RICHARD BRODHEAD, R. W. JOHNSON.

Rev. W. H. MILBURN. WASHINGTON, CITY, April 24, 1854. GENTLEMEN: It will afford me pleasure to comly with your request to deliver my Lecture on oung America at Carusi's Saloon, on Wednesday

ght, the 26th instant.

Respectfully, your friend,

W. H. MILBURN. To Hon. Judges Catron and Campbell, Messri Fitzpatrick, Clay, Douglas, and others.

The Lecture will commence at So'clock, p. m Doors open at 7½ o'elock. Tickets 25 cents, to be h

MRS. PARTINGTON'S CARPET-BAG
has arrived at
TAYLOR & MAURY'S

Apr 23 THE ART STUDENT IN MUNICH, by Anna Mary Howitt. The Preservation of Health, by Jno. C. War-

ren. M. D. Purple Tints of Paris, by Boyle St. John Mrs. Partington's Life and Sayings.

Just received at TAYLOR & MAURY'S, Apr 25

DURE SENNA FIGS .- A very pleasant, safe, and effectual remedy for constipation of the bowels; particularly recommended to persons leading a sedentary life, as a pleasant, but sure aperieut.
These figs are prepared with great care from

selected materials, and are so pleasant that nechild will object to them. Prepared solely by W. H. GILMAN, Cor. Penn. av. and 41 st.

And sold by druggists generally.

DRENCH SHIRT BOSOMS .-- The rapid increase in the sale of the new Shirt Bosoms warrants us in presenting to the trade and our customers a very large assortment of the newest style, and at the most moderate prices.

Families and shirt-makers will find it cheaper to buy these bosoms than to make them. The trade supplied at wholesale prices at STEVENS'S

Apr 23-eo3tif Sales Room, Browns' Hotel ORANGE AND ALEXANDRIA RAILROAD NEW ARRANGEMENT.— On and after Monday, April 3

1854, daily mail trains will be run over this road, agreeably to the following arrangement:

A train from Alexandria to Gordonsville and A train from Alexandria to Gordonsville and intermediate stations will leave the depot, corner of Duke and Henry streets, at 7½ o'clock, a. m., on the arrival of the coaches from Washington, arriving at Gordonsville at 11½ o'clock, connecting at that point with the trains on the Virginia Central road to Richmond, Charlottesville, and Staunten the ellowing passengers to pass over that

ton, thus allowing passengers to pass over that road without delay.

A train from Gordonsville to Alexandria and in termediate stations will leave Gordonsville at a quarter before 12 o'clock, on the arrival of the care Virginia Central road, arriving at Alexan-

dria at a quarter before 4 o'clock, thus allowing ample time to connect with the train leaving Washington for the north.

A train from Alexandria to Warrenton and in-

A train from Alexandria to warrenton and intermediate stations will leave Alexandria daily
(Sundays excepted) at a quarter before 2 o'clock,
p. m., arriving at Warrenton at 4½ o'clock, p. m.
On Sundays will leave at 7½ o'clock, a. m.
A train from Warrenton to Alexandria and intermediate stations will leave Warrenton daily (Sundays excepted) at a quarter past 7 o'clock, a. m., arriving in Alexandria at 10 o'clock, a. m.,

On Sunday will leave at 1½ o'clock, p. m. THROUGH TICKETS. Gordonsville..... 3 00 Charlottesville...... 3 75

Staunton *Lynchburg..... 6 75 aturdays.

Freight trains are running daily, Sunday ex-

used was a pocket-knife. MOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Assessors will meet daily at their fice in the City Hall, from 9 o'clock, a. m., to 3

epted. Per order:

office in the City Hall, from 9 o'clock, a. m., to 3 o'clock, p. m., from the 11th to the 26th of April, inclusive, (Sundays excepted.) for the purpose of hearing and determining the complaints and appeals of all persons who may consider themselves aggrieved by the assessments and valuations of property made for taxes for the present year.

By order of the Board:

T. F. HARKNESS, HARRISBURG, April 25.—The bill relative to the Sunbury, Erie, and Cleveland railroad, making the latter pay a bonus of \$250,000 for the right of way from Erie to the Ohio line, pressed the Senate Apr 11-dt26th [Union, News, & Star.]

Celegraphic.

By the House Line, expressly for the Sentinel.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARABIA.

Six Days Later from Europe. HALIFAX, April 25 .- The Arabia arrived here day, with dates of the 15th. Flour had advanced 1s. Wheat 6d and corn 6d. Provisions were firm.

The Eastern War-Latest by Mail. LIVERPOOL, April 15 .- Affairs on the Danube

continue unchanged. The allied fleet were at Varna. Admiral Napier's fleet had suddenly put to sea in consequence of the ice having broken up. The report that the Prussian minister had been recalled from London is not true. The Austrian army is reported to be entering Servia. All the contumacious Greeks have been order

to leave the Turkish territory. Latest from the Baltic. APRIL 12 .- Admiral Napier left Kioge bay fo Gothland, it being reported that some Russian ports were open and a Russian squadron off Fa-

oe-also reported that three American ships were somewhere in the Baltic with stores for Russia, and an English steamer has been de spatched for them. There is but little ice in the Gulf of Finland. The whole of the allied fleets are in the Black

sea, near Varna. All the marines of the fleet were to be landed to protect that place. Admiral Dundas had signalized his cruisers to take, burn, and destroy everything. His fleets were in communication with the Turkish land force.

Prince Paskewitch arrived at Bucharest on the 5th. Gortschakoff retains command of the army but is subject to Paskewitch's orders.

MARCH 30 .- An important sally was made of Kalafat, and a sanguinary encounter of four hours occurred. The Russians were routed, and pursued to a considerable distance. The British war steamer Cyclops arrived at

Malta on the 7th, bringing important news. The Turks purposely left a free passage for the Russians to Hirsova, and then attacked them in their rear. After a hard fight, half of the Russians were cut to pieces, and the remainder retired across the

The Turks had evacuated the fortress of Ozernavods, in the Dobrudscha, which was shelled by Russians. It is also stated (with no date) that 30,000 Russians crossed at Galatz without opposition. All these accounts, however, are very confused.

Two English vessels on the Danube, loaded with grain, were fired into by the Russian batteries, and one was sunk. Three thousand French troops arrived at Con

tantinople on the 3d. The declaration of war by France and England caused immense rejoicing at Constantinople. It was reported that the French Colonel Drew had been killed. He belonged to the staff of Omer

Pasha. The Greek insurrection makes no progress The insurgents have been repulsed at several

Austria's note of remonstrance has been for warded to Athens. It holds the Greek government liable for all mischief arising from the insur-

Important from Japan.

The Emperor of Japan had sent ministers to treat with the Russian admiral, and had treated him to a banquet. The Japanese ambassadors announce that Japan will open her ports, but will require

The American squadron had not arrived a Nangasaki when the Russian steamer left. The store-ship Supply arrived at Woosung February 3d. from Loo Choo.

From China.

The insurgents had evacuated on the north entrance of the Grand canal, and the imperialists have occupied that territory.

COPENHAGEN, April 13 .- Four steam-frigates, under Admiral Plumridge, have been detached from Admiral Napier's fleet and sent to the gulf of Finland. The British frigate Imperieuse chased a Russian corvette into Sweaborg. Berlin, April 9 .- Prince Barclay D'Etolly pro

ceeds to London on a special mission. BUCHAREST, April 9 .- No battle has yet been fought in Silistria or Rassova.

ODESSA, April 2 .- All the English and French vessels have been ordered out of this port. St. Peterseurg, April 6 .- A reserve battalion as been called out, and a second reserve battery

for each corps. MARSEILLES, April 14 .- Admiral Bruat will replace Admiral Hamelin in the Black sea, for the purpose of giving Admiral Dundas the chief command of the combined fleets. General St. Arnaud is to have command of the combined land forces. No later authentic news from Turkey.

COPENHAGEN, April 14 .- The British frigate Amphyon was ashore near Draco, and cannot be got off.

HAMBURG, April 14.-Admiral Napier, having eceived a report that sixteen Russian ships of var had anchored at Helsingfors, was making preparations to attack them.

Confu, April 9 .- The English and French ves sels of war on the coast of Thessaly have received orders to search all vessels suspected of having munitions of war aboard, and to seize them when found guilty.

Austria appears more in unison with the western owers. Prussia leans more to Russia, though she is temporizing with both parties. The protocol guarantying the integrity of the Ottoman territory, was signed at Vienna by the four powers, including Prussia; but, simultaneously therewith Prussia introduced into her mutual alliance treaty with Austria a condition and limitation which would render the treaty a dead letter, and which Austria consequently refuses to accept.

All military arrangements arising out of the proposed treaty have been referred to a commission presided over by a prince of Russia. Hanover sides with the western powers. All the minor German States, except Bavaria, do likewise, and will support Austria in forcing Prussia to declare herself, should the subject come before a federal diet. The Independant Belge announces positively that a treaty of permanent alliance, offensive and defensive, has just been signed between France and England independently of the treaties connected with the present war.

Arrival of the Steamer Tennessec. BALTIMORE, April 25 .- The steamer Tennesse has arrived from Charleston, after a passage fifty-six hours, with fifty-seven passengers.

Shocking Tragedy in Lynchburg-Murder and Suicide. Lyncheurs, Va., April 22.—Our community was greatly excited this morning by the occurrence of a shocking tragedy. John W. Lambeth, a citizen of this place, while laboring under aberration of mind murdered his wife by cutting her throat, and then killing himself. The weapon

Railroad Subscription, &c. NEW ORLEANS, April 22.—The city voted yes terday, by an immense majority, in favor of sub-scription to the great northern and sow hern rail roads. The Empire City is agound below.

Railroad Bill Passed.

Marine Intelligence. NEW YORK, April 24.—The United States frig-te Constitution, from Cape de Verde, bound o Madeira, was passed on the 25th ultimo. All

The wreck of the schooner H. S. Ward, from fallen in with on the 19th. The captain and crew were taken off and brought here this morning. She was a splendid vessel of 360 tons, and insured here for \$21,000. Her cargo was insured for

The sloop-of-war Jamestown sailed from Mon-tevideo February 16th, for Philadelphia. The Germantown sailed the same day for the Falkland islands. The frigate Savannah and brig Bain-

New York, April 25.—The ship Underwrit

Steamer Falcon Disabled. NORFOLK, April 25 .- The steamer Falcon, whi Norfolk, April 25.—The steamer Falcon, which left New York a few days ago with four companies of United States troops on board for California, was obliged to put into our harbor yesterday in a disabled condition. All the passengers were safely landed. Many of the troops were on board the San Francisco at the time of its wreck.

A later despatch states that the machinery is the only portion of the vessel disabled, and that the troops have been landed at Fort Monroe.

Later from California—Arrival of the Pam pero—More Gold.

NEW ORLEANS, April 24 .- The steamer Pampe New Orleans, April 21.—The steamer Pamparo arrived here to-day from San Juan with about 200 passengers and \$250,000 in gold dust.

The Indian troubles in the interior had nearly ceased. The Walker expedition has dwindled down to a very small and insignificant band; most of his me: had deserted him.

The value of real estate in San Francisco and

the value of real estate in San Francisco and other principal cities had greatly decreased; rents had also fallen. Business was very dull with a large supply of all kinds of produce; prices seriously reduced. An unusual number of persons are returning home in consequence of dull times and the depressed condition of business.

Amusements.

FRANCONIS HIPPODROME.

THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING Will be presented the historical pageant of The Tournament Of the Field of Cloth of Gold.

After which Scenes of the Course, the Field, the Arena, and the Stadium. The representations of the Hippodrome will cor

ONE WEEK ONLY! accommodation of families and parties coming from a distance,

Will be given daily, commencing at 3 o'clock. Prices.—Box seats, \$1; Parquette, 50 cents; Pit, 25 cents. Children under 9, half-price to Box and Parquette. No half-price to Pit.

Doors open at 1 past 2 and 1 past 7 o'clock. Performances will commence at 3 and 8 o'clock, p. m.

DAY EXHIBITIONS

PROGRAMME

CONCERT MR. APTOMMAS,

(The Great Harpist,) To take place on THURDAY EVENING, April commencing at 8 o'clock, at CARUSI'S SALOON.

Duct-"The Syren and Friar,", Miss Brainerd and Mr. Camoenz, Louis Emanue Grand Fantasia, Harp, (Montecchi and Semramide,) as performed by Mr. Aptommas before the Royal Family in London, pre-vious to his departure for Ame-Alvars rica.....Sulla Poppa del mio

Brik," Mr. Camoenz..... Solo Piano-A "La Harpe Eolienne," (MS. dedicated to Mr. Aptommas;) B. Metropolitan Concert Polka, composed and performed by Cavatina-"Robert toi que j'aime,

(accompanied on the harp by Mr. Aptommas,) Miss Brainerd. Duetto—"La ci darem la mano, ("Don Giovanni,") Miss Brain-Mozart. erd and Camoenz..... SECOND PART.

Grand Duo, Harp and Piano-"O Hertz. moenz... Solo, Harp: "Home, Sweet Home," Meyerbeer.

composed for her by.......W. C. Beames Caprice, Harp—"Dance of the Fairies," Mr. Aptommas..... Alvans. Duetto—"Quanto Amore," (Elixir of Love,) Miss Brainerd and

Mr. Camoenz.....

Tickets of admission \$1, to be had at the Musi Store of Mr. Davis. Apr 25

OST-On Friday, the 21st instant, between the National Hotel and Carter's store, oppo-ite the Centre market, a Ladies' Gold Breast Pin, resembling a bird, set with rubies. By leaving it at the Sentinel Office, the finder will be liberally DOR RENT, a well furnished House,

particulars, apply at this office. Mar 25—tf M EDICAL CARD.—Dr. Geo. A. Dyer offers his professional services to the public. Office and residence at Judge Bibb's, corner

of 9th and F streets. Mar 11-dlm U NION HALL, HOTEL AND REFECtory, C street, between 6th and 7th streets, E. J. WILLSON, W. H. HEYWARD.

BROWN'S MARBLE HOTEL, PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
WASHINGTON CITY.
M. BROWN. T. P. Brown.

BY CHARLES G. THOMPSON, THIRTEENTH STREET,
Sep 24—1f NOR LEASE.—The National Theatre in

OUR HOUSE.

the city of Washington, for the ensuing season, or for a term of years. The National Theatre is one of the largest in the world, and yet every meritorious attraction can fill it.

With the alterations and improvements contemplated, it will be in every respect a desirable establishment.

If a suitable company could be selected, the Proprietor would accede to the following arrangement.

nrrent expenses; the salaries of the members; he rent. All surplus to be divided among the members of the company, in the proportion of their respective salaries. The Proprietor would have no claim for rent until after payment of curent expenses and salaries.

The proprietor would like, therefore, to receive

The entire receipts to be distributed thus: The

ations, with particulars, from parties in communications, with particulars, from parties inclined to this mode of action. The purpose of the Proprietor is to secure the best talent by paying to it all the profits. Every letter received will be known to the Proprietor alone, who will not feel himself at liberty to reveal the name of any party addressing him on this subject.

All communications pre-paid, and addressed to the Proprietor of the National Theatre, box 242 Washington city, D. C.

242, Washington city, D. C. Apr 14-1m GEORGE EARP, JR., GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Bar, Bloom, Scotch and American Fou and Forge Pig Iron, Pig Lead, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, \$c. No. 56 North Wharves, above Race Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

Auction Sales.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES AT AUCTION. SUGAR AND MOLASSES AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY NEXT, the 26th instant, and the cargo of the brig Fidelia, from New Orleans, consisting of

211 hogsheads Sugar, part clarified.
133 barrels choice Molasses.
29 half barrels

Will be added

183 hogsheads prime Porto Rico Sugar, balance of the cargo per barque "William Chase."

E. S. WRIGHT. Auctioneer.

E. S. WRIGHT, Auctioneer,

By J. C. McGUIRE, Auctioneer. DUBLIC SALE OF TWO OF THE Handsomest and most desirable and eligible Building Lots in the city, on H street, near Lafayette square. On Wednesday afternoon, April 26, at 6 o'clock, I shall offer for sale, on the premises, Lots Nos. 9 and 10, (adjoining.) in Square 220, each fronting south 24 feet 8 inches on north H street, between 14th and 15th streets, and running back with that width one hundred and fifty feet to a twenty-feet alley, each lot containing three thousand seven hundred square feet of ground. Title perfect.

perfect.
Terms of sale: One-third cash in hand; the balance in one, two, three, and four years, secured by notes, with interest, payable quarterly. A deed given, and a deed of trust taken.

JAS. C. McGUIRE,

Auctioneer.

Apr 21-dtd

NOTICE.

Dr. LEVI will positively leave this city on Friday, the 5th of May. NSTANTANEOUS AND EFFECTUAL Cure for Corns, Bunions, Callosities, Nails growing into the flesh, and every disorder of the fleet, by a peculiar and new method, without cutting or causing the slightest pain.

Dr. LEVI, in returning his best acknowledg ments to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Washing ton for the kind patronage he has been konored with during his stay in this city, begs to inform its inhabitants that, owing to his numerous engagements in New York, he will be under the necessity of leaving Washington on Friday, the 5th of May.

Those who are desirous of consulting him will please to make immediate application.

Mr. Levi, Surgeon Chiropodist, of No. 3 Conduit street, Regent street, London, and No. 50 bis Rue de Rivoli, Paris, patronized by the royal family and nobility of Great Britain and France, may be consulted daily, from 10 o'clock in the morning until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at his office, at Mrs. Griffin's, D street, between 9th and 10th streets, Washington, D. C.

COPIES OF TESTIMONIALS. From H. I. M. Napoleon III.—Je certifie que Mr. Levi enleve les cors avec une extreme abilite. Aout 1849. LOUIS NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

downe.—Mr. N. Levi extracted a corn from me with perfect facility and success.

LANSDOWNE. From Robert Ferguson, M. D., physician in ordinary to Her Majesty of Great Britain.—Mr. Levi has most skillfully extracted two corns from

my feet without giving me the slightest pain. ROBT. FERGUSON, M. D.,

From the Most Noble the Marquis of Lans

Queen st., May Fair. London, March 8, 1838. Je certifie que M. Levi m'a extirpe plusieurs cors, sans me faire eprouver la moindre douler CH. CUVELLIER, M. D.,

From J. S. McFarlane, M. D. I hereby testify that Mr. Levi has exhibited great skill and talent in the speedy removal of several corns of long standing, and a bunion and callosity which had previously defied the exertions of several operators; and I recommend him to the public.

J. S. McFARLANE, M. D.,

Corner of Poydras and Circus streets.

New Orleans, January 1, 1853.

From Penry S. Levert, M. D .- I have just had

a painful corn extracted by Dr. Levi with much skill, and without pain. The operation was simple, and I believe its effects will be permanent. effects will be permanent. HENRY S. LEVERT, M. D. Mobile, April 9, 1853. From John Lloyd Martin, M. D.—I do here-by certify that Dr. Levi has operated upon my feet and extracted therefrom several corns and callosi ties without occasioning me the slightest pain or uneasiness; and I can, with the greatest confi-

lence and pleasure, recommend him as a most skillful chiropodist.

JOHN LLOYD MARTIN, M. D., Baltimore, Dec. 4, 1852.

From Thomas Oliver Goldsmith, M. D., cor oner of Philadelphia.—I do hereby certify that Dr. Levi has operated upon my daughter for a nail growing in the flesh, to her's as well as my own satisfaction; also a corn upon her foot, with immediate relief, and without the least pain.

THOS. OLIVER GOLDSMITH, M. D., 138 Beach st., Kensingt Philadelphia, Oct. 23, 1852.

From Thos. C. Butler, jr., esq.—A member of my family was operated upon in New Orleans, on March last, in my presence, by Dr. Levi, who re-moved a number of corns and two large bunions without pain, which had been extremely paintul for many years, affecting the health very much. The relief has been entire from excruciating pain,

Philadelphia, July 27, 1852.

In addition to the above authenticated testimonials, many thousands more in his possession (among which are several from ladies of the high-est rank) can be seen by favoring him with a call nt Mrs. Griffin's. D street, between 9th and 10th,

to any others in market.
10HN SULLIVAN & SONS, Agents,
Apr 7-d3m No. 2, Camden st., Baltim

PIG-LEAD, LEAD, &c.—English and American pig-lead, lead, in, and cast-fron, water, and gas pipes; block tin, Soutch pig iron and metals generally, at the lowest rates.

by GEORGE EARP, Jr., No. 56 North Wharves, No. 56 North Wharves,

From Jeff. S. German, M.D.—This is to certify that Dr. Levi has this day extracted a corn from one of my toes, which has been a constant annoyance to me for about fifteen years, without causing me the slightest pain; and I will avail myself of the privilege of giving him this certificate in order to testify to all and every one who may see it that I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Levi to them as a successful operator, and gentleman.

JEFF. S. GERMAN, M. D.
Office, 16 S. Fourth st. Donizetti, A celebrated Pianist will preside at the Pian Office, 16 S. Fourth st. St. Louis, May 24, 1835.

> The relief has been entire from excretaining pain, and there is no return of suffering. To persons suffering from like causes I would recommend them to have them removed by Dr. Levi, as an effectual cure.
>
> THOMAS C. BUTLER, Jr.,
> Sixth st., opposite Medical College.
> Cincinnati, Aug. 1, 1853. From H. J. Feltus, esq.-Unsolicited by Mr.

> Levi, I beg leave to testify to his success and skill in having perfectly removed a large bunion of long standing, without causing any pain.
>
> H. J. FELTUS,
> No. 4 Boston Row.

Apr 6-Inif TINC PAINTS .- The Subscribers having

Linc Paints.—The Subscribers having been appointed agents of the New Jersey Zino Company for the sale of their superior Paints, are prepared to execute orders for any description, delivered in Baltimore at the company's prices, and on the same liberal terms.

The White Paint is warranted pure, and is unsurpassed by any other article in use. It is sold either dry or ground in oil.

The Brown Zine is made only from the New Jersey Zine Ores, and is extensively used as a protection to iron or other metallic surfaces. It is a cheap and economical paint.

The Brown Stone Color is unequalled as a durable covering for Cottages, Depots, Bridges, &c.

The Brown Stone Color is unequalled as a durable covering for Cottages, Depots, Bridges, &c.
The consumption of it is very large, and it has given entire satisfaction.

All the paints manufactured by the company are of the highest excellence, some important improvements having recently been discovered and applied in their preparation, and they are warranted to keep soft and fresh in the kegs, any reasonable length of time. In this respect, they are superior to any others in market.